Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel nternational Advanced Level	Centre	e Number	Candidate Number
Tuesday 13 C)ctc	ber	2020
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minut	es)	Paper Re	eference WMA14/01
Mathematics			
International Advance Pure Mathematics P4	ed Suk	osidiar	y/Advanced Level

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶







then n is even.	(4

Question 1 continued	blank
	Q1
(Total 4 marks)	



2. (a) Use the binomial expansion to expand

$$(4-5x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 $|x| < \frac{4}{5}$

in ascending powers of x, up to and including the term in x^2 giving each coefficient as a fully simplified fraction.

(4)

$$f(x) = \frac{2 + kx}{\sqrt{4 - 5x}}$$
 where k is a constant and $|x| < \frac{4}{5}$

Given that the series expansion of f(x), in ascending powers of x, is

$$1 + \frac{3}{10}x + mx^2 + \dots$$
 where *m* is a constant

(b) find the value of k,

(2)

(c) find the value of m.

(2)

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	Q2
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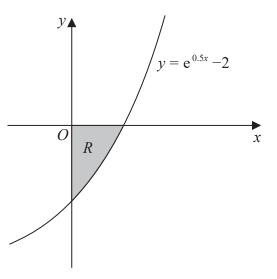


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = e^{0.5x} - 2$

The region R, shown shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by the curve, the x-axis and the y-axis.

The region R is rotated 360° about the x-axis to form a solid of revolution.

Show that the volume of this solid can be written in the form $a \ln 2 + b$, where a and b are constants to be found.

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		Q3
	(Total 6 marks)	



4.

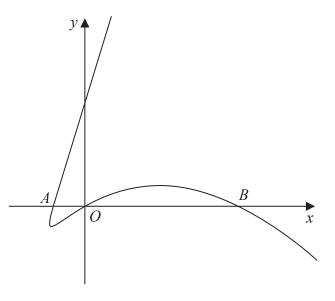


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with parametric equations

$$x = 2t^2 - 6t, \qquad y = t^3 - 4t, \qquad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

The curve cuts the x-axis at the origin and at the points A and B, as shown in Figure 2.

(a) Find the coordinates of A and show that B has coordinates (20, 0).

(3)

(b) Show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at B is

$$7y + 4x - 80 = 0 ag{5}$$

The tangent to the curve at B cuts the curve again at the point P.

(c) Find, using algebra, the x coordinate of P.

(4)

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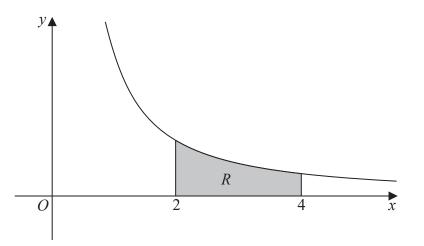


Figure 3

(a) Find
$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$$
 (3)

Figure 3 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation

$$y = \frac{3 + 2x + \ln x}{x^2} \qquad x > 0.5$$

The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by the curve, the line with equation x = 2, the x-axis and the line with equation x = 4

(b) Use the answer to part (a) to find the exact area of R, writing your answer in simplest form.

(4)

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	Q5
(Total 7 marks)	



A curve C has equation

$$y = x^{\sin x} \qquad x > 0 \qquad y > 0$$

(a) Find, by firstly taking natural logarithms, an expression for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x and y.

(b) Hence show that the x coordinates of the stationary points of C are solutions of the equation

$$\tan x + x \ln x = 0$$

(2)

uestion 6 continued	



Question 6 continued	
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	Q6
(Total 7 marks)	



7. (i) Using a suitable substitution, find, using calculus, the value of

$$\int_{1}^{5} \frac{3x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.)

(6)

(ii) Find

$$\int \frac{6x^2 - 16}{(x+1)(2x-3)} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(6)

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	Q7
(Total 12 mark	s)



8. Relative to a fixed origin O, the lines l_1 and l_2 are given by the equations

$$l_1$$
: $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ where λ is a scalar parameter

$$l_2$$
: $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ where μ is a scalar parameter

Given that l_1 and l_2 meet at the point X,

(a) find the position vector of X.

(5)

The point P(10, -7, 0) lies on l_1

The point Q lies on l_2

Given that \overrightarrow{PQ} is perpendicular to l_2

(b) calculate the coordinates of Q.

(5)





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Question 8 continued	

Question 8 continued	Lec bla
	Q8
	(Total 10 marks)



9. Bacteria are growing on the surface of a dish in a laboratory.

The area of the dish, $A \, \text{cm}^2$, covered by the bacteria, t days after the bacteria start to grow, is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}A}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{A^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5t^2} \qquad t > 0$$

Given that A = 2.25 when t = 3

(a) show that

$$A = \left(\frac{pt}{qt+r}\right)^2$$

where p, q and r are integers to be found.

(7)

According to the model, there is a limit to the area that will be covered by the bacteria.

(b) Find the value of this limit.

(2)

estion 9 continued	



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	(Total 9 marks)

